

RADIUS™ MONITOR SERIES

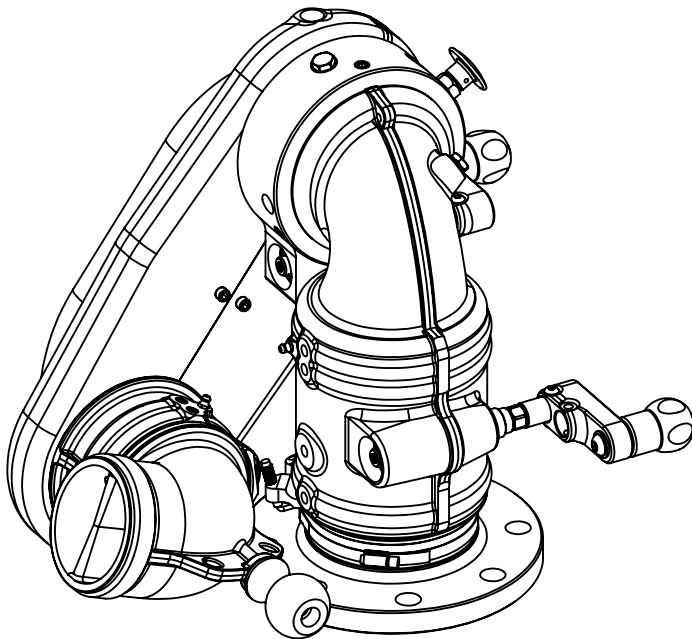
INSTRUCTION FOR INSTALLATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE

⚠ DANGER

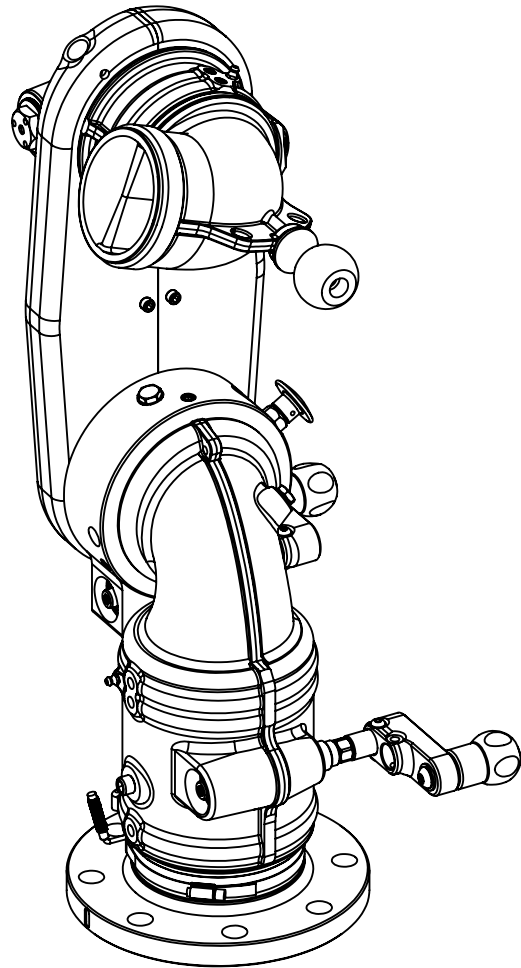
Understand manual before use. Operation of this device without understanding the manual and receiving proper training is a misuse of this equipment. Obtain safety information at tft.com/ serial-number.

This equipment is intended for use by trained and qualified emergency services personnel for firefighting. All personnel using this equipment shall have completed a course of education approved by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

This instruction manual is intended to familiarize firefighters and maintenance personnel with the operation, servicing, and safety procedures associated with this product. This manual should be kept available to all operating and maintenance personnel.



STOWED POSITION



DEPLOYED POSITION

DANGER

PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY CODE

The member companies of FEMSA that provide emergency response equipment and services want responders to know and understand the following:

1. **Firefighting and Emergency Response are inherently dangerous activities requiring proper training in their hazards and the use of extreme caution at all times.**
2. **IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY** to read and understand any user's instructions, including purpose and limitations, provided with any piece of equipment you may be called on to use.
3. **IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY** to know that you have been properly trained in Firefighting and/or Emergency Response and in the use, precautions, and care of any equipment you may be called upon to use.
4. **IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY** to be in proper physical condition and to maintain the personal skill level required to operate any equipment you may be called upon to use.
5. **IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY** to know that your equipment is in operable condition and has been maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
6. **Failure to follow these guidelines may result in death, burns or other severe injury.**

Fire and Emergency Manufacturers and Service Association, Inc.
PO Box 147, Lynnfield, MA 01940 - www.FEMSA.org

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The logo for FEMSA (Fire and Emergency Manufacturers and Service Association) is located in the bottom right corner of the page. It consists of the word "FEMSA" in a bold, white, sans-serif font, centered within a black diamond shape that has a white border.

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1.0 MEANING OF SAFETY SIGNAL WORDS

A safety related message is identified by a safety alert symbol and a signal word to indicate the level of risk involved with a particular hazard. Per ANSI Z535.6, the definitions of the four signal words are as follows:



DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.



NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury.

2.0 SAFETY



An inadequate supply of pressure and/or flow will cause an ineffective stream and can result in injury or death. Choose operating conditions to deliver adequate fire suppression. See flow graphs.



This equipment is intended for use by trained personnel for firefighting. Use of this equipment for other purposes may involve hazards not addressed by this manual. Seek appropriate guidance and training to reduce risk of injury.



Injury or damage can occur from an inadequately supported monitor. The mounting must be capable of supporting the nozzle reaction force which can be as high as 1100 lbs.



The stream exiting a nozzle is very powerful and capable of causing injury and property damage. Make sure the nozzle is securely attached and pointing in a safe direction before water is turned on. Do not direct water stream to cause injury or damage to persons or property.



Equipment may be damaged if frozen while containing significant amounts of water. Such damage may be difficult to detect visually. Subsequent pressurization can lead to injury or death. Any time the equipment is subject to possible damage due to freezing, it must be tested and approved for use by qualified personnel before being considered safe for use.



On many vehicle installations, the monitor is the highest point on the apparatus. Damage or injury could occur if there is not sufficient clearance to safely pass under doors or overhead obstructions. Always check parked position of the monitor before moving.

3.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

TFT's Radius monitor is a rugged, easy to install, deck mounted masterstream device. The above deck mounting is ideal for apparatus where below deck extension tubes do not fit. The Radius monitor can be raised by pulling the quick release pin and lifting the monitor until it is locked into position. This gives greater clearance over other equipment on the apparatus, greater freedom of movement, and allows a more comfortable operating position. The Radius monitor can be specified new or retrofitted to existing apparatus.

3.1 SPECIFICATIONS

	US	METRIC
Weight	37 lbs	17 kg
Minimum Flow Area (4" Inlet)	12.6 in ²	81.1 cm ²
Minimum Flow Area (3" Inlet)	7.07 in ²	45.6 cm ²
Maximum Operating Pressure	200 psi	14 bar
Operating Temperature Range of Fluid	33°F to 120°F	1°C to 50°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40°F to 150°F	-40°C to 65°C
Materials	ANSI A356.0-T6 Aluminum, Stainless, HDPE (High Density Polyethylene)	

Table 3.1

3.2 OPERATING ENVELOPE



Damage or injury could result from operating the monitor beyond the safe operating envelope. Do not operate the monitor outside the envelope in the following graph(s).

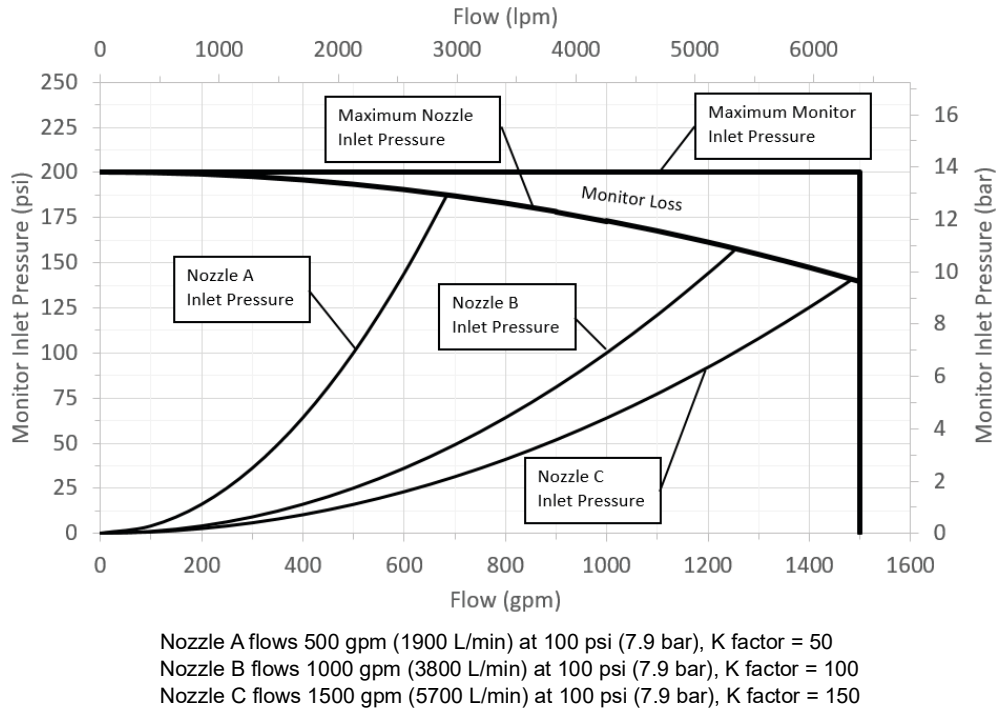


Figure 3.2A
 Radius Monitor Operating Envelope, 3" Inlet

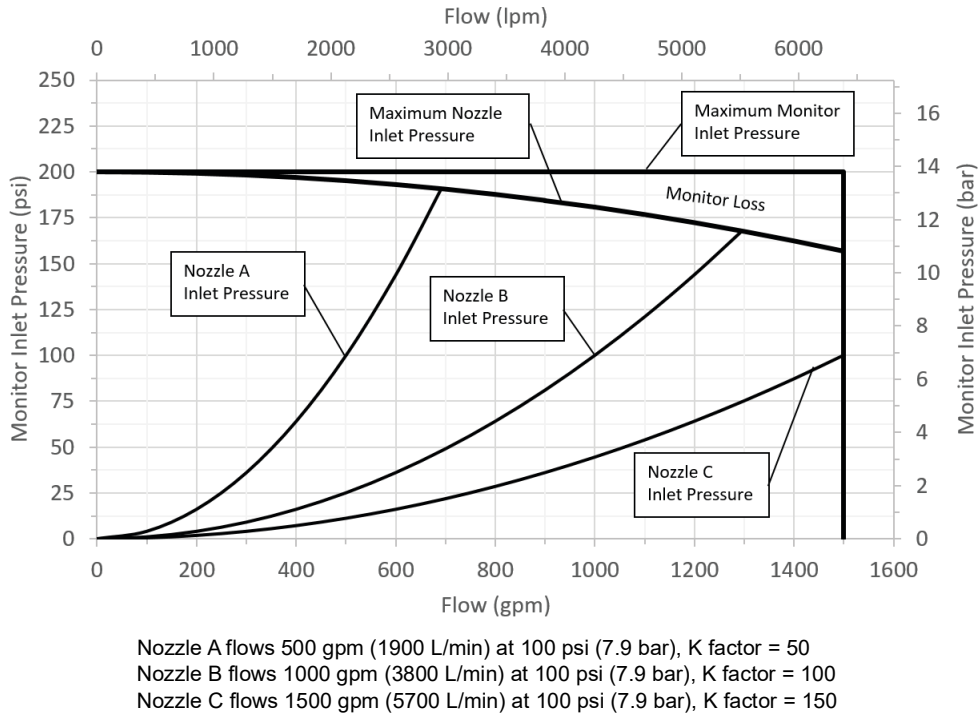


Figure 3.2B
 Radius Monitor Operating Envelope, 4" Inlet

3.3 USE WITH SALT WATER

Use with salt water is permissible provided the equipment is thoroughly cleaned with fresh water after each use. The service life of the equipment may be shortened due to the effects of corrosion, and is not covered under warranty.

3.4 VARIOUS MODELS AND TERMS

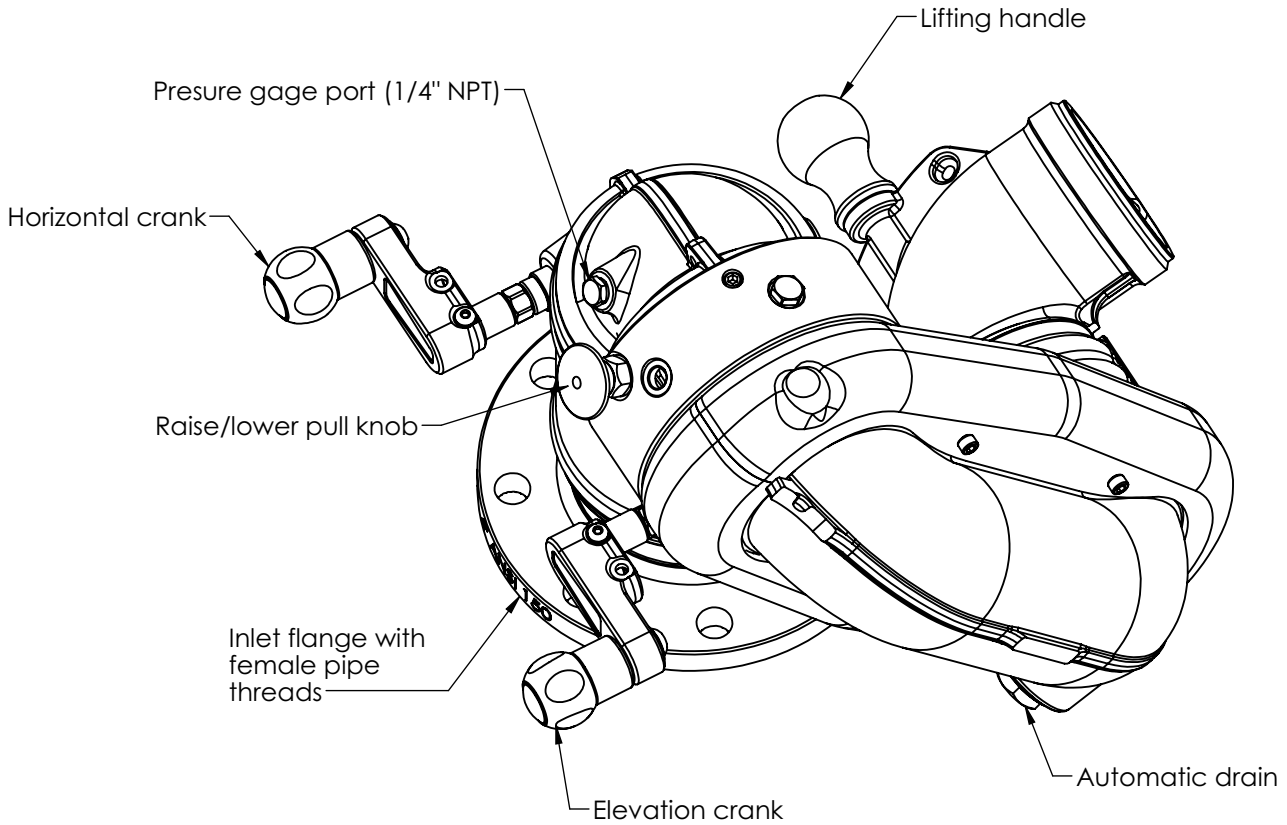


Figure 3.4

3.5 INLET OPTIONS

The monitor is equipped with either a 3" or 4" ANSI 150 flange inlet. Each of the flange options is equipped with corresponding pipe threads in the inner diameter.

3.5.1 OUTLET OPTIONS

OPTION #	THREAD	ADAPTER
1	3.5" NH MALE	N/A
2	3.5" BSP MALE	Y4330ABN
3	3.5" NPSH MALE	Y4330AIN
4	4.0" BSP MALE	Y4334ABP
5	2.5" NH MALE	N/A
6	2.5" BSP MALE	Y3325ABJ

3.6 OVERALL DIMENSIONS

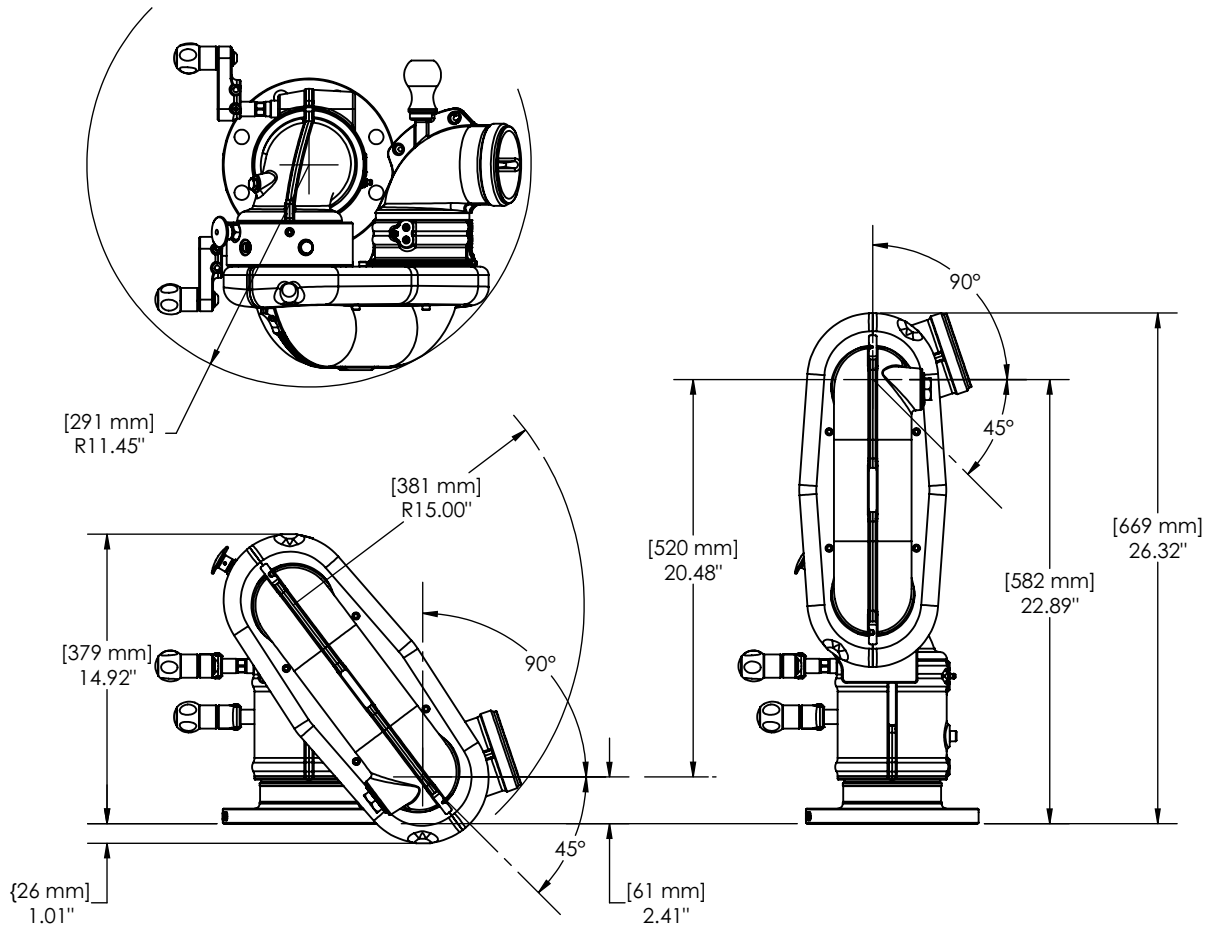


Figure 3.0

4.0 INSTALLATION

4.1 STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS

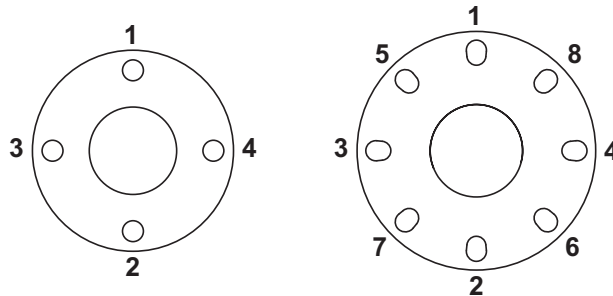


Reaction forces generated by master stream flows are capable of causing injury and property damage if not properly supported. Monitors should be securely installed by qualified individuals.

- Mounting objects must be capable of withstanding maximum nozzle reaction force listed in SPECIFICATIONS.
- The monitor must be securely mounted to rigid support members.
- Do not use flanges or pipe made from plastic for monitor mounting.
- Torque all fasteners to specified values.

The structure that the monitor is mounted to must withstand the internal pressure of the monitor as well as shear and bending forces due to nozzle reaction. Nozzle reaction can be as high as 1100 lbs (500 kg)(1500 gpm at 200 psi).

For flanged connections, the use of flat flanges without raised faces is recommended. Use a ring gasket as defined in ASME 16.21 or ISO 7483. Tighten flange bolts in an alternating sequence as shown below. Tighten sequentially each bolt or stud three times to 30%, then 60%, and finally 100% of the specified torque. Tighten to a total of 76-80 ft-lb (100-110 N·m).



Tighten Sequentially Each Bolt Three Times to a Total of 76-80 ft-lb (100-110 N·m)

Figure 4.1

FLANGE TYPE	OPTION #	OUTSIDE DIAMETER		THICKNESS		BOLT HOLE CIRCLE		# OF BOLTS	SIZE OF BOLTS	
		in	mm	in	mm	in	mm		in	mm
3" ANSI 125/150-DN80 PN20	1	7.5	190	0.75	20	6.0	152.5	4	5/8	16
4" ANSI 150-DN100 PN20	2	9.0	230	0.94	23	7.5	190	8	5/8	16

Table 4.1

4.2 INDICATOR LIGHT

The Radius Monitor dash light system indicates when the Radius is not stowed while the truck is running. This will help prevent hitting low overhanging objects when the Radius is in the deployed position.

4.2.1 INDICATOR SENSOR AND MAGNET MOUNTING

1. Place the monitor in the desired stowed position for both side-to-side and elevation.
2. Secure the sensor to the monitor's inlet as shown in figure 4.2.1.
3. Secure the magnet to exit elbow as shown in figure 4.2.1.
4. Verify that the magnet is close enough to the magnetic switch to cause it to close.

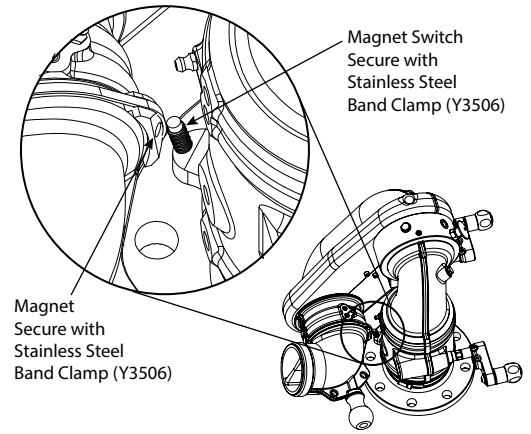


Figure 4.2.1

4.2.2 INDICATOR WIRING

1. Mount the dash light by pushing it through a 1/2" diameter hole in the dash.
2. Assure there is enough room around the light for one of the warning labels.



Attach the warning label (XGL020) next to the indicator light or warning label (XGL025) around the indicator light on the truck dashboard.

Figure 4.2.2A

3. Mount the relay in a suitable location. The enclosed relay MUST BE USED to limit the current through the switch.
4. Wire the system as show below.

NOTICE

Relay and light available for 12 or 24 volt systems. Voltage is specified at time of order.

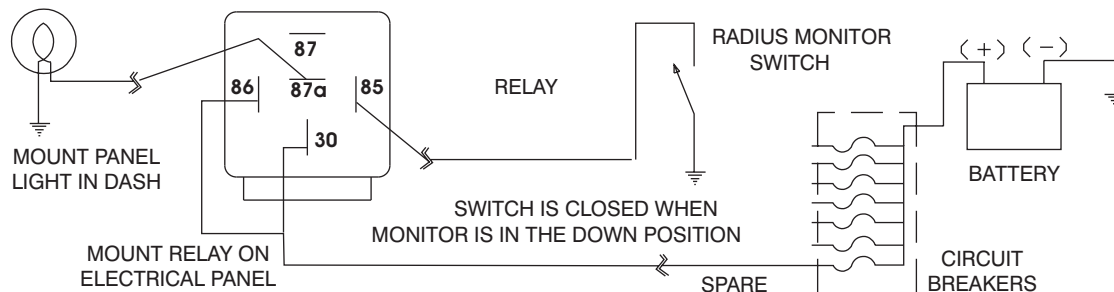


Figure 4.2.2B

NOTICE

The system should only be energized when the truck's ignition is on.

4.3 HORIZONTAL ROTATION TRAVEL STOPS

The range of horizontal rotation travel for the Radius monitor is continuous 360 degrees. A horizontal rotation travel stop bolt may be installed in the monitor to limit travel. Note that left and right are relative to the "Straight Ahead Reference Mark".

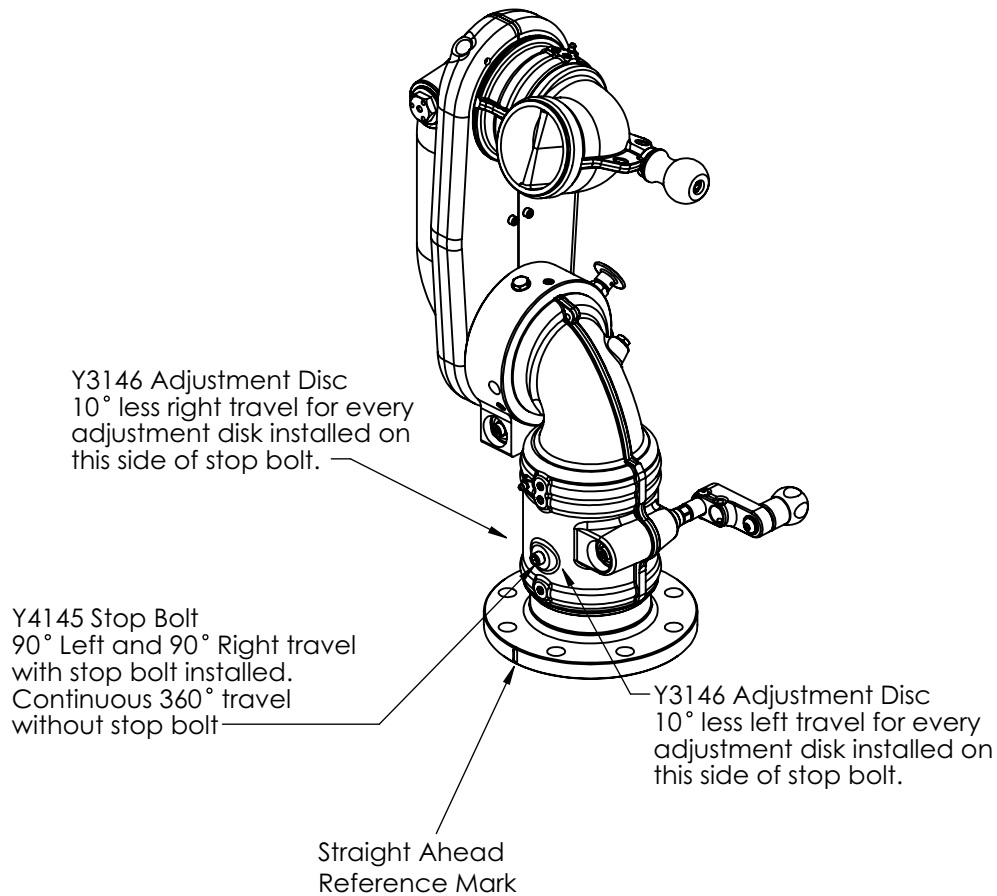


Figure 4.3

4.4 ELEVATION TRAVEL STOPS

The range of elevation travel for the Radius monitor is 90 degrees above to 45 degrees below horizontal. Refer to Figure 4.4 if limited elevation travel is desired.

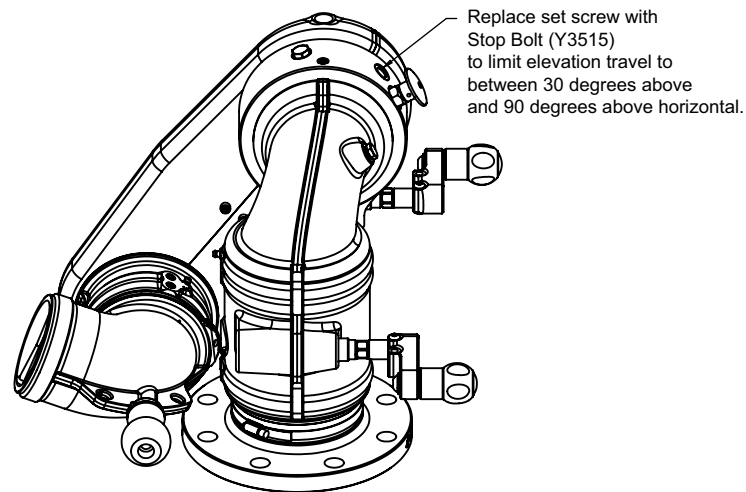


Figure 4.4

4.5 NOZZLE INSTALLATION

Screw the nozzle onto the monitor's exit threads.

⚠ CAUTION

Mismatched or damaged waterway connections may cause equipment to leak or uncouple under pressure. Failure could result in injury. Equipment must be mated to matched connections.

⚠ CAUTION

Dissimilar metals coupled together can cause galvanic corrosion that can result in the inability to uncouple the connection, or complete loss of engagement over time. Failure could cause injury. Per NFPA 1962, if dissimilar metals are left coupled together, an anti-corrosive lubricant should be applied to the connection and the coupling should be disconnected and inspected at least quarterly.

4.6 PRESSURE GAUGE PORT

There is a 1/4" NPT female threaded hole on the back of the monitor and the exit elbow (see Figure 3.4). The holes are plugged from the factory. If a pressure gauge is desired, unscrew the plug and install the gage using pipe sealant. Make sure the gauge does not interfere with operation.

4.7 AUTOMATIC DRAIN

An automatic drain is included to empty water from a low point in the monitor piping to prevent freezing and help empty hose lines. The valve is designed to close automatically when pressure in the monitor exceeds approximately 5 psi, and open again when the pressure drops to that point.

The automatic drain may be disabled if not desired for your application.

To disable the drain valve:

1. Unscrew the drain assembly and remove the screw and washer.
2. Flip over the rubber drain valve so the raised edge is against the face of the housing.

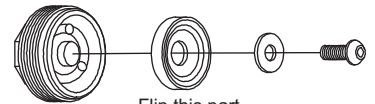
Reassemble the screw and washer and reinstall the drain valve assembly.

⚠ WARNING

Monitors, valves, and piping may be damaged if frozen while containing sufficient amounts of water. Such damage may be difficult to detect visually and can lead to possible damage, injury, or death. Equipment that may be exposed to freezing conditions must be drained immediately following use to prevent damage.

⚠ CAUTION

Structural damage from corrosion can result from failure to drain appliance between uses. Damage from corrosion can cause injury due to equipment failure. Always drain appliance between uses.



Flip this part over to disable the drain valve.

Figure 4.7

5.0 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

5.1 RAISING AND LOWERING THE MONITOR



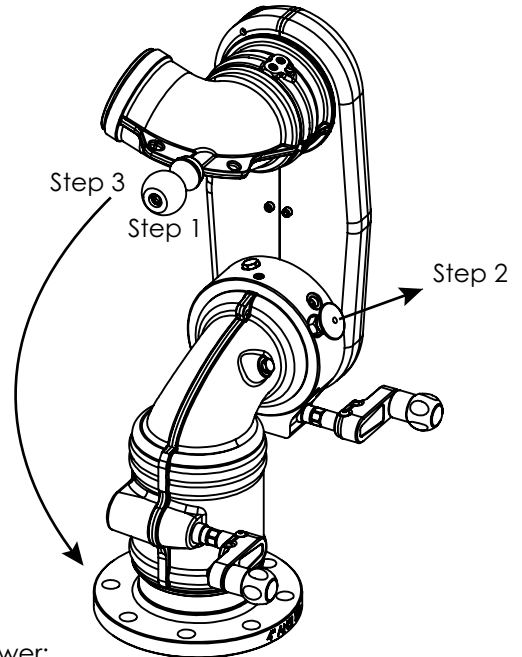
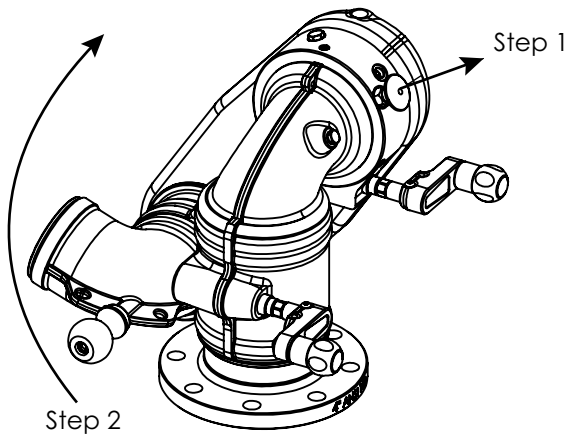
The Radius monitor may be used only in either the fully raised or fully lowered position. The unit may become damaged if the water is turned on in any position other than fully extended or retracted.



The pull pin locks when in the proper stowed and deployed position. Do not operate if the pull pin is not in the locked position.

To Deploy:

- Step 1: Pull Knob to unlock
 - Step 2: Raise the outlet section to the fully deployed position.
- Pull Pin automatically locks when the outlet is fully raised.



To Lower:

- Step 1: Support weight of outlet
 - Step 2: Pull Knob to unlock
 - Step 3: Lower the outlet to the fully stowed position.
- Pull Pin automatically locks when the outlet is fully lowered.

Figure 5.1

5.2 HORIZONTAL ROTATIONAL CONTROL

A hand crank controls the monitor's horizontal rotation direction. Clockwise rotation of the crank moves the nozzle to the left and counter-clockwise rotation to the right.

5.3 ELEVATION CONTROL

A hand crank controls the monitor's elevation direction. Clockwise rotation of the handwheel lowers the elevation and counterclockwise raises it.



Debris in the nozzle may cause off center nozzle reaction. Injury or damage from spinning or sudden movement of the monitor could occur. To reduce the risk of an out of control monitor, always check for waterway obstructions before flowing water.

5.4 RECOMMENDED PARK POSITION

It is recommended that the monitor be parked in a position such that the monitor's nozzle rests against a bracket or support surface. If a support surface is not available, run the elevation against one of the travel stops to take some of the backlash out of the gear drive. This will minimize bouncing of the nozzle when the apparatus is traveling. Always be sure the monitor is properly parked before moving the truck and know the overall height to avoid damage from overhead obstructions such as doors or bridges.

6.0 FLOW CHARACTERISTICS

6.1 YST-4NN STACKED TIPS FLOW AND REACH

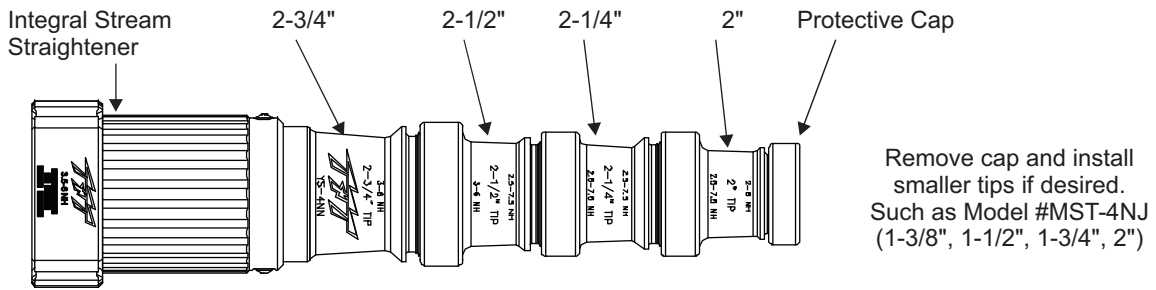


Figure 6.1A

Stacked Tip Model YST-4NN

NOZZLE DIAMETER	NOZZLE INLET PRESSURE							
	50 PSI		60 PSI		80 PSI		100 PSI	
	FLOW (GPM)	REACTION (LBS)	FLOW (GPM)	REACTION (LBS)	FLOW (GPM)	REACTION (LBS)	FLOW (GPM)	REACTION (LBS)
2.00"	840	310	920	380	1060	500	1190	630
2.25"	1080	400	1170	480	1350	640	1500	790
2.50"	1310	490	1440	590	---	---	---	---
2.75"	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
---	FLOW EXCEEDS RATING OF RADIUS MONITOR							

NOZZLE DIAMETER	NOZZLE INLET PRESSURE							
	3.5 BAR		4.1 BAR		5.5 BAR		7 BAR	
	FLOW (L/min)	REACTION (KG)	FLOW (L/min)	REACTION (KG)	FLOW (L/min)	REACTION (KG)	FLOW (L/min)	REACTION (KG)
50 mm	3180	140	3480	170	4010	230	4500	290
57 mm	4010	180	4430	220	5110	290	5680	360
64 mm	4960	220	5450	270	---	---	---	---
70 mm	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
---	FLOW EXCEEDS RATING OF RADIUS MONITOR							

Table 6.1

YST-4NN Flow and Reaction Force

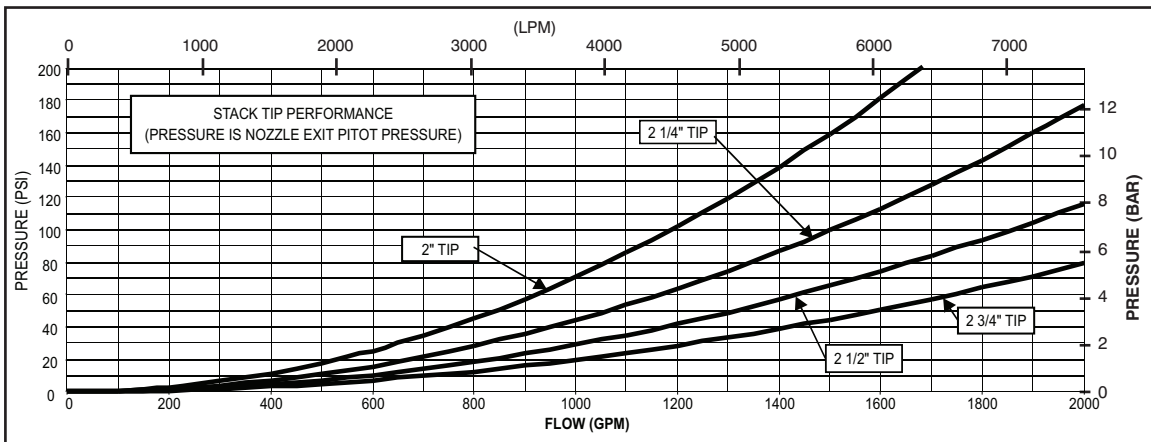


Figure 6.1B

YST-4NN Flow Graph

6.1 YST-4NN STACKED TIPS FLOW AND REACH (CONTINUED)

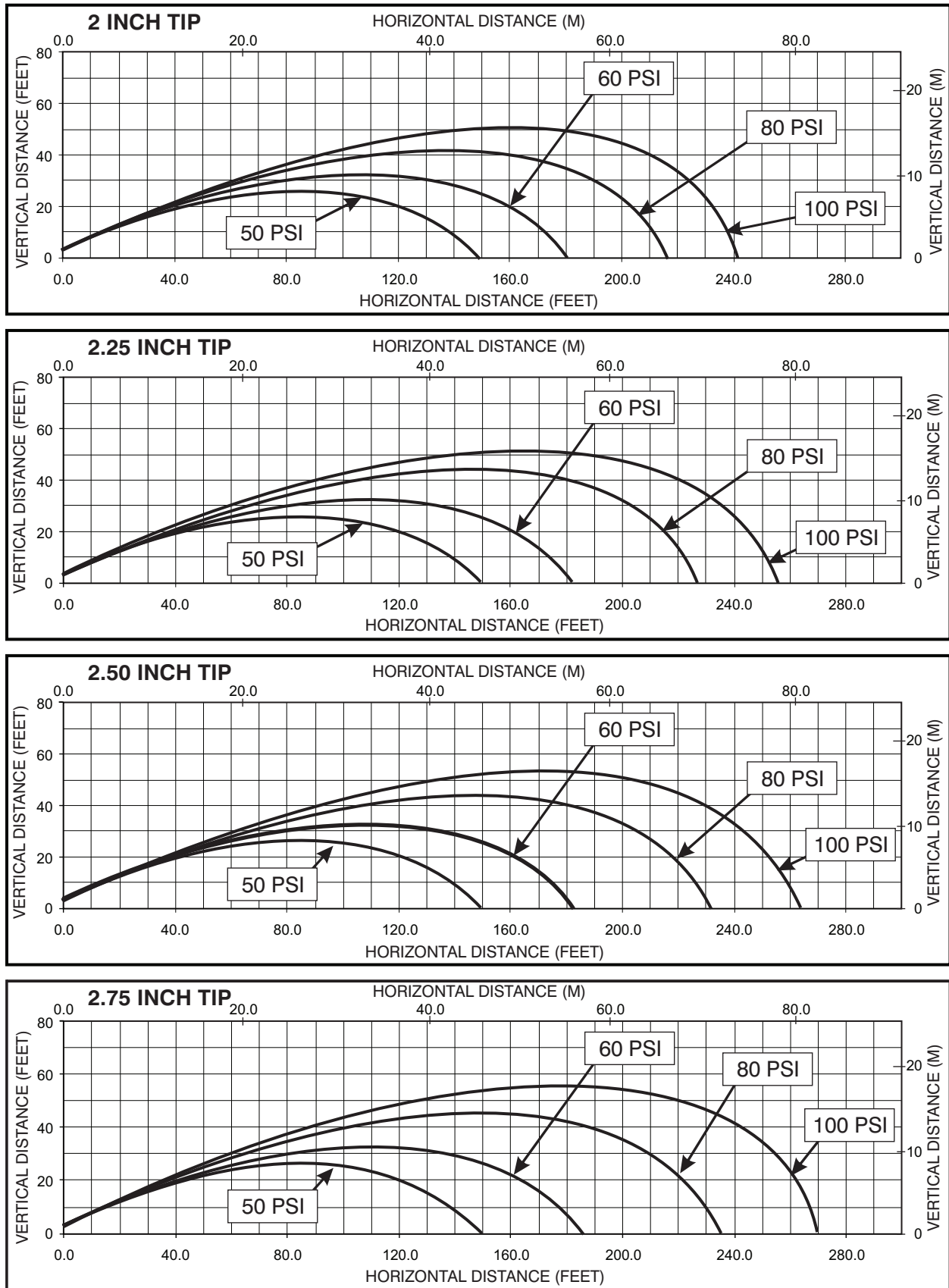


Figure 6.1C
YST-4NN Reach Graphs

6.1.1 EFFECTS OF ELEVATION AND WIND ON STREAM REACH (2.25" TIP)

This graph shows approximately how differences in elevation angle can affect stream reach. Critical applications should be tested in actual conditions to verify adequate reach.

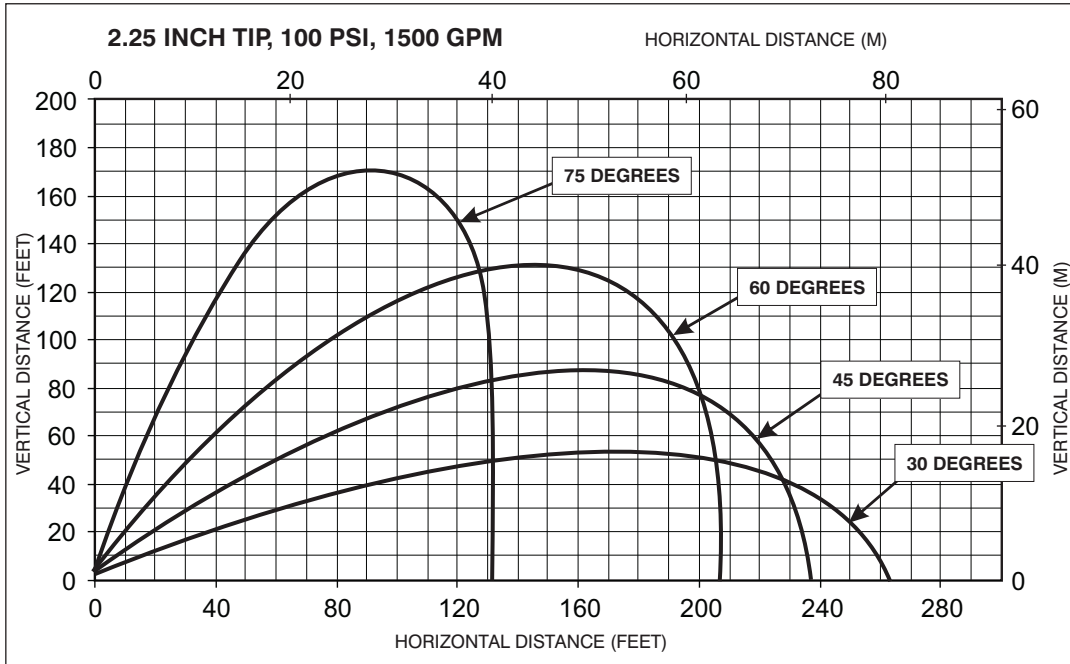


Figure 6.1.1A
Effects of Elevation on Reach

This graph shows approximately how a moderate wind can affect stream reach.

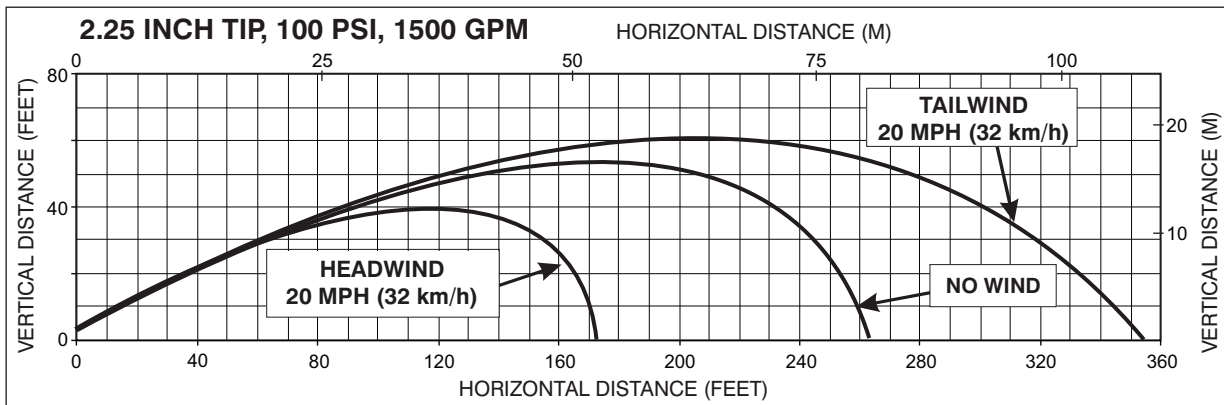


Figure 6.1.1B
Effects of Wind on Reach

6.2 MST-4NJ STACKED TIPS FLOW AND REACH

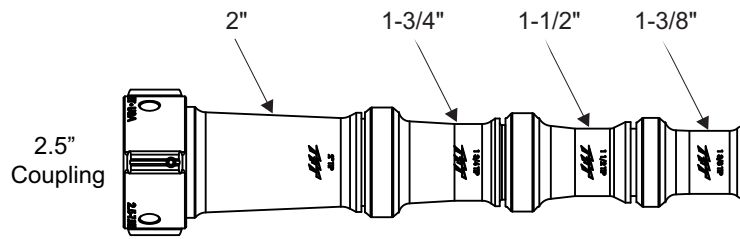


Figure 6.2A
Stacked Tip Model MST-4NJ

NOZZLE DIAMETER	NOZZLE INLET PRESSURE							
	40 PSI		60 PSI		80 PSI		100 PSI	
	FLOW (GPM)	REACTION (LBS)	FLOW (GPM)	REACTION (LBS)	FLOW (GPM)	REACTION (LBS)	FLOW (GPM)	REACTION (LBS)
1.375"	360	120	440	180	500	240	560	300
1.5"	420	140	520	210	500	280	670	350
1.75"	580	190	700	290	810	380	910	480
2.00"	750	250	920	380	1000	500	1190	630

NOZZLE DIAMETER	NOZZLE INLET PRESSURE							
	2.8 BAR		4.1 BAR		5.5 BAR		7 BAR	
	FLOW (L/min)	REACTION (KG)	FLOW (L/min)	REACTION (KG)	FLOW (L/min)	REACTION (KG)	FLOW (L/min)	REACTION (KG)
35 mm	1360	50	1670	80	1890	110	2120	140
38 mm	1590	60	1970	100	2270	130	2540	160
45 mm	2200	90	2650	130	3070	170	3440	220
50 mm	2840	110	3480	170	4010	230	4500	290

Table 6.2
MST-4NJ Flow and Reaction Force

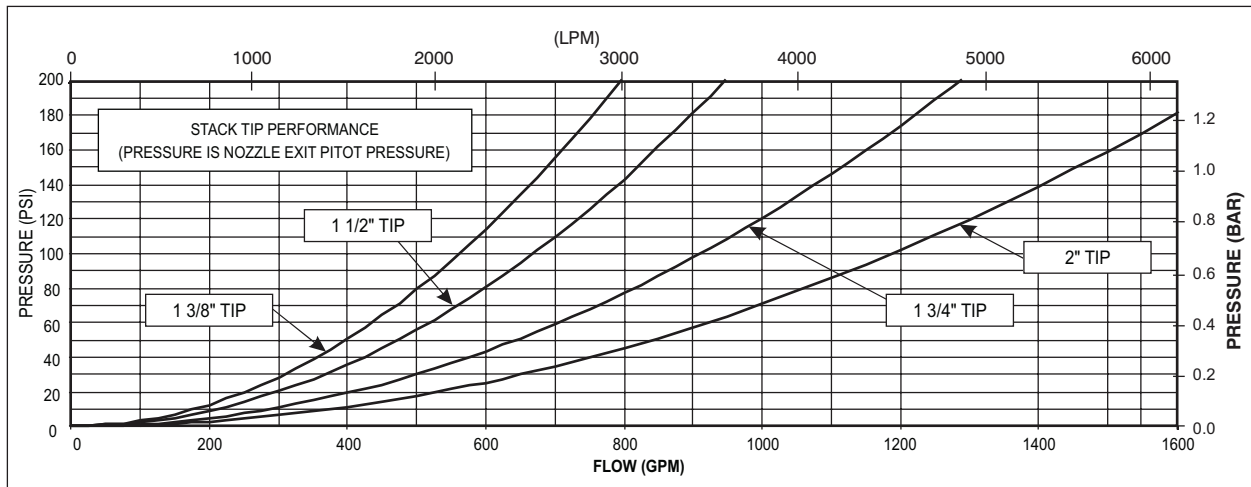


Figure 6.2B
MST-4NJ Flow Graph

6.2 MST-4NJ STACKED TIPS FLOW AND REACH (CONTINUED)

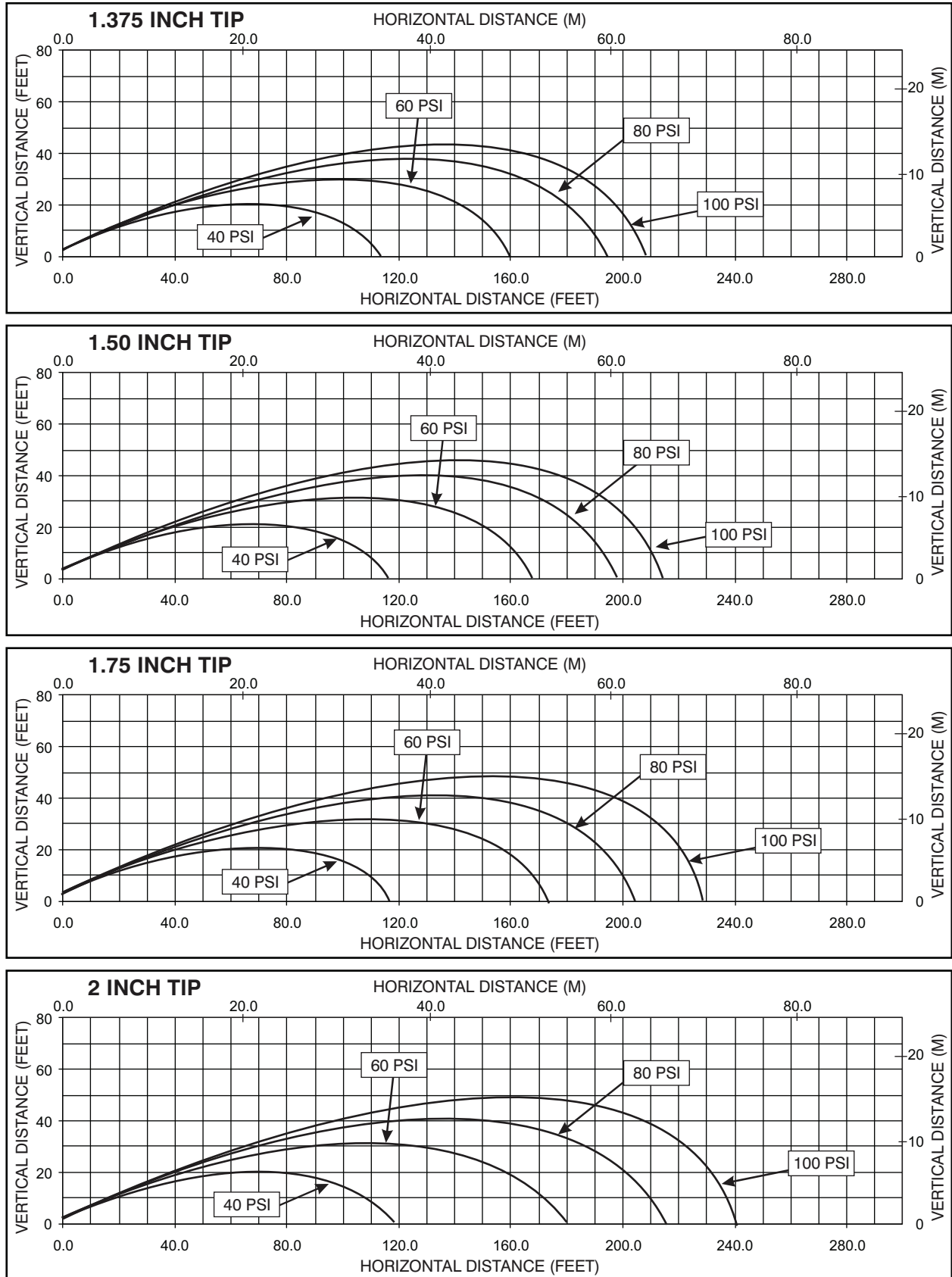


Figure 6.2C
MST-4NJ Reach Graphs

6.2.1 EFFECTS OF ELEVATION AND WIND ON STREAM REACH (2.00" TIP)

This graph shows approximately how differences in elevation angle can affect stream reach. Critical applications should be tested in actual conditions to verify adequate reach.

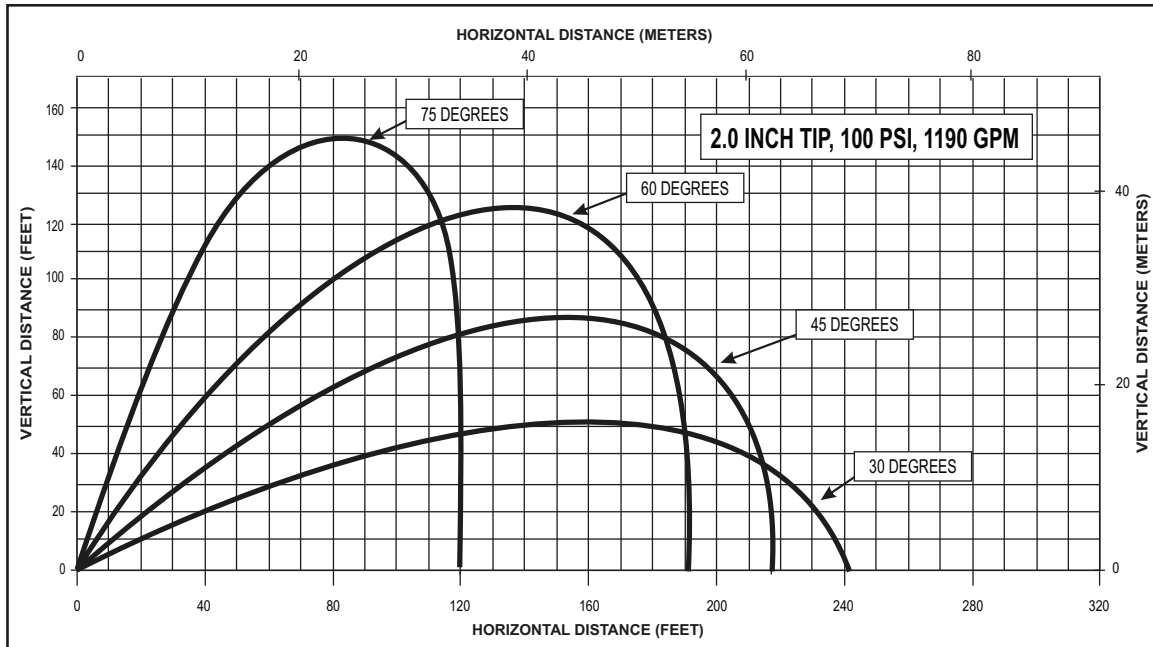


Figure 6.2.1A
Effects of Elevation on Reach

This graph shows approximately how a moderate wind can affect stream reach.

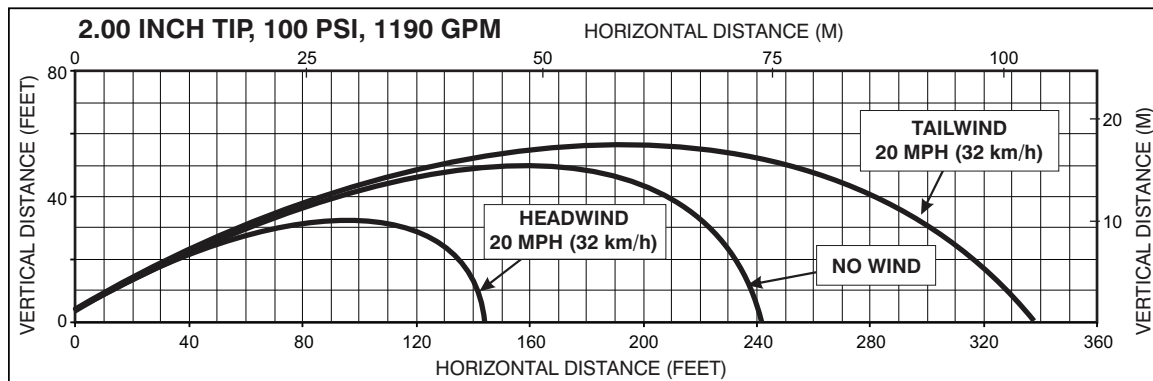


Figure 6.2.1B
Effects of Wind on Reach

6.3 AUTOMATIC MASTERSTREAM NOZZLES

Automatic nozzles maintain a constant pressure by adjusting their orifice to match the available flow. Consult the nozzle manufacturer for maximum flow and pressure range. In all cases, do not exceed the maximum rating of the Radius Operating Envelope.

6.4 PRESSURE LOSS

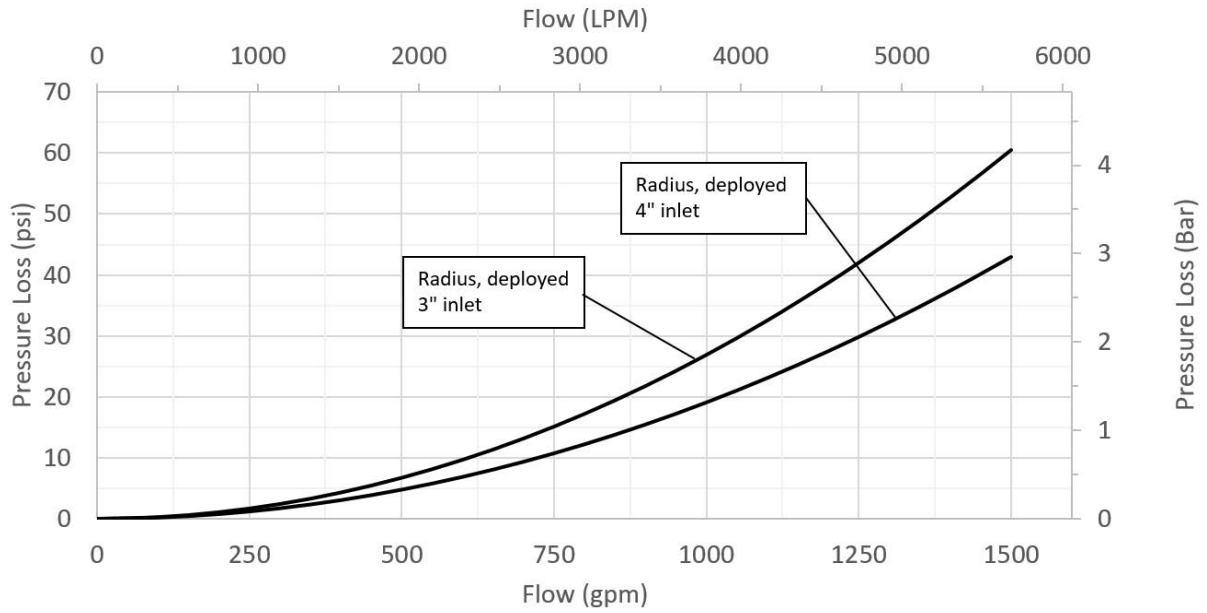


Figure 6.4

6.5 STREAM STRAIGHTENERS

6.5.1 STREAM STRAIGHTENERS WITH STACKED TIPS

Turbulence though the Radius Monitor is very low, but stream quality and reach can be improved with the use of the integral stream straightener on the TFT stacked tip nozzle.

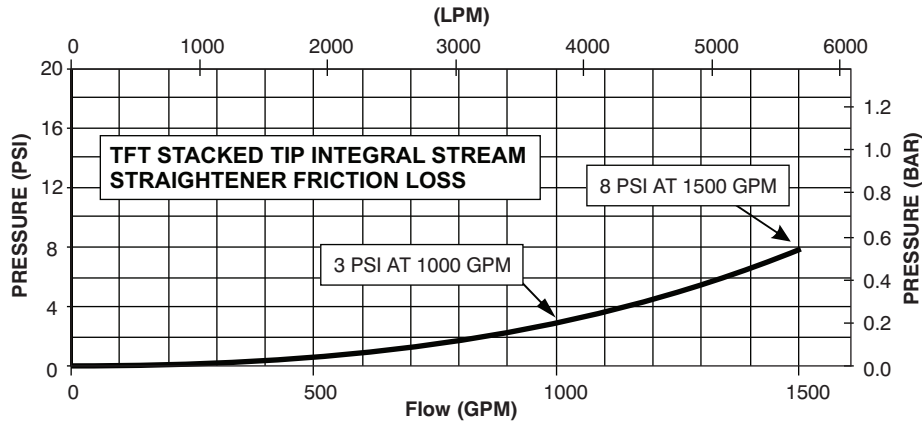
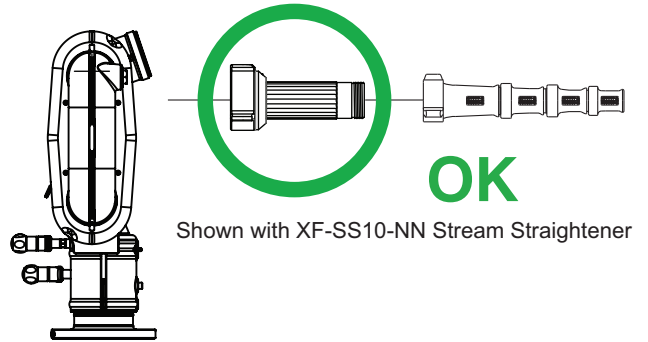


Figure 6.5.1

Stacked Tip Integral Stream Straightener Friction Loss

6.5.2 STREAM STRAIGHTENERS WITH FOG NOZZLES

NOTICE

The flow path of a fog nozzle serves as a stream straightener. Use of a stream straightener with a fog nozzle will increase the stresses on the monitor's gear train and may lead to premature wear. Use of a stream straightener with a fog nozzle is not recommended.

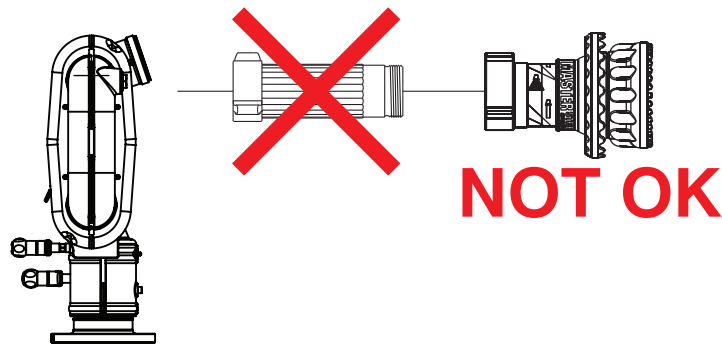


Figure 6.5.2

7.0 WARRANTY

Task Force Tips LLC, 3701 Innovation Way, Valparaiso, Indiana 46383-9327 USA ("TFT") warrants to the original purchaser of its products ("equipment"), and to anyone to whom it is transferred, that the equipment shall be free from defects in material and workmanship during the five (5) year period from the date of purchase for mechanical components, and the two (2) year period from the date of purchase for electrical components. TFT's obligation under this warranty is specifically limited to replacing or repairing the equipment (or its parts) which are shown by TFT's examination to be in a defective condition attributable to TFT. To qualify for this limited warranty, the claimant must return the equipment to TFT, at 3701 Innovation Way, Valparaiso, Indiana 46383-9327 USA, within a reasonable time after discovery of the defect. TFT will examine the equipment. If TFT determines that there is a defect attributable to it, TFT will correct the problem within a reasonable time. If the equipment is covered by this limited warranty, TFT will assume the expenses of repair.

If any defect attributable to TFT under this limited warranty cannot be reasonably cured by repair or replacement, TFT may elect to refund the purchase price of the equipment, less reasonable depreciation, in complete discharge of its obligations under this limited warranty. If TFT makes this election, claimant shall return the equipment to TFT free and clear of any liens and encumbrances.

This is a limited warranty. The original purchaser of the equipment, any person to whom it is transferred, and any person who is an intended or unintended beneficiary of the equipment, shall not be entitled to recover from TFT any consequential or incidental damages for injury to person and/or property resulting from any defective equipment manufactured or assembled by TFT.

It is agreed and understood that the price stated for the equipment is in part consideration for limiting TFT's liability. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above may not apply to you.

TFT shall have no obligation under this limited warranty if the equipment is, or has been, misused or neglected (including failure to provide reasonable maintenance) or if there have been accidents to the equipment or if it has been repaired or altered by someone else.

THIS IS A LIMITED EXPRESS WARRANTY ONLY. TFT EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS WITH RESPECT TO THE EQUIPMENT ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THERE IS NO WARRANTY OF ANY NATURE MADE BY TFT BEYOND THAT STATED IN THIS DOCUMENT.

This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

8.0 MAINTENANCE

TFT products are designed and manufactured to be damage resistant and require minimal maintenance. However, as the primary firefighting tool upon which your life depends, it should be treated accordingly. The unit should be kept clean and free of dirt by rinsing with water after each use. Any inoperable or damaged parts should be repaired or replaced before placing the unit in service. To help prevent mechanical damage, do not drop or throw equipment.

In applications where appliances are left continuously connected to the apparatus or other devices or are used where water is trapped inside the appliance, the appliance must be flushed with fresh water following each use and inspected for damage.

This appliance should be disconnected, cleaned and visually inspected inside and out at least quarterly, or as water quality and use may require. Moving parts such as handles, valve ball and couplings should be checked for smooth and free operation. Seals shall be greased as needed with Silicone based grease such as Molykote 112. Any scrapes that expose bare aluminum should be cleaned and touched up with enamel paint such as Rust-Oleum. Replace any missing or damaged parts before returning to service.

Any equipment taken out of service due to failure should be returned to the factory for repair or replacement. If you have any questions regarding the testing or maintenance of your valve, please call Task Force Tips at 800-348-2686.

8.1 SERVICE TESTING

In accordance with NFPA 1962, equipment must be tested a minimum of annually. Units failing any part of this test must be removed from service, repaired and retested upon completion of the repair.

8.2 LUBRICATION

The Radius monitor generally should not require greasing. In the event that the operation becomes stiff, grease may be applied to the horizontal rotation and elevation swivels. Grease is applied through grease fittings as shown below. Use medium viscosity automotive chassis grease. Apply only enough grease to restore normal operation. If normal operation is not restored by greasing, inspect for other causes of stiff operation.

NOTICE

Do not over pump grease. The monitor's greased areas lead to large chambers that could trap several pounds of grease before becoming visible.

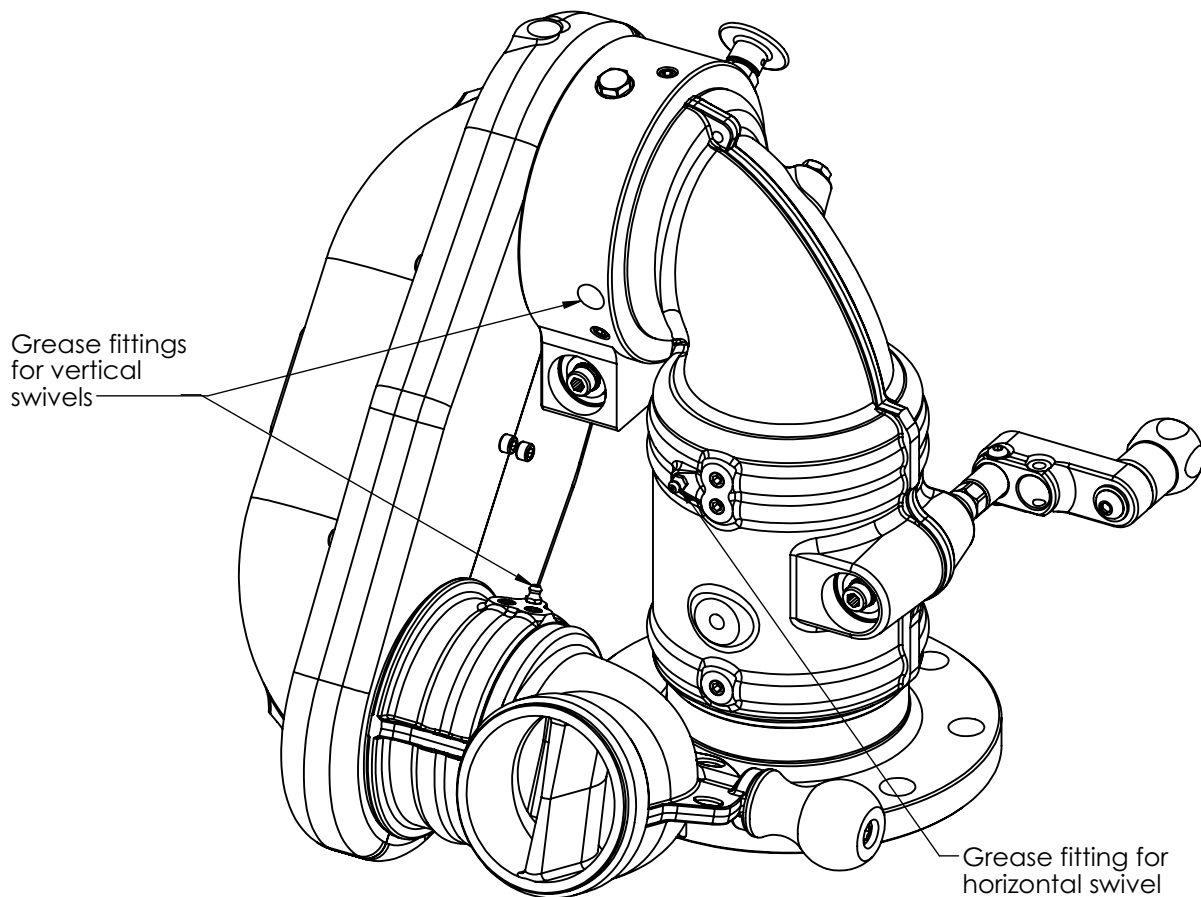


Figure 8.2

8.3 TROUBLESHOOTING

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Leaks	Debris or damage in the seal area	Clean out debris or replace damaged parts
Elevation Binding	Debris or damage to the elevation drive parts	Clean out debris or replace damaged parts
	Lack of lubricant	Grease, (see section 8.2)
Horizontal Rotation Binding	Debris or damage to the horizontal drive parts	Clean out debris or replace damaged parts
	Lack of lubricant	Grease, (see section 8.2)

Table 8.3

8.4 REPAIR

Factory service is available. Factory serviced equipment is repaired by experienced technicians, wet tested to original specifications, and promptly returned. Call TFT service department at 1-800-348-2686 to troubleshoot and, if needed, directions for return. A return for service form can also be obtained at tft.com/Support/Returning-an-Item-for-Service.

Repair parts and service procedures are available for those wishing to perform their own repairs. Task Force Tips assumes no liability for damage to equipment or injury to personnel that is a result of user service. Contact the factory or visit the web site at tft.com for parts lists, exploded views, test procedures and troubleshooting guides.

Performance tests shall be conducted on the equipment after a repair, or anytime a problem is reported to verify operation in accordance with TFT test procedures. Consult factory for the procedure that corresponds to the model and serial number of the equipment. Any equipment which fails the related test criteria should be removed from service immediately. Troubleshooting guides are available with each test procedure or equipment can be returned to the factory for service and testing.



It is the responsibility of service technicians to ensure the use of appropriate protective clothing and equipment. The chosen protective clothing and equipment must provide protection from potential hazards users may encounter while servicing equipment. Requirements for protective clothing and equipment are determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).



Any alterations to the product or its markings could diminish safety and constitutes a misuse of this product.



All replacement parts must be obtained from the manufacturer to assure proper performance and operation of the device.

9.0 EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LISTS

Exploded views and parts lists are available at tft.com/serial-number.

10.0 OPERATION AND INSPECTION CHECKLIST

BEFORE EACH USE, appliances must be inspected to this checklist:

3. All valves (if so equipped) open and close fully and smoothly
4. Waterway is clear of obstructions
5. There is no damage to any thread or other connection
6. All locks and hold-down devices work properly
7. The pressure setting on the relief valve (if so equipped) is set correctly
8. Gaskets are in good repair
9. There is no obvious damage such as missing, broken or loose parts
10. There is no damage to the appliance that could impair safe operation (e.g. dents, cracks, corrosion, or other defects)
11. All swiveling elements rotate freely
12. Nozzle is securely attached

BEFORE BEING PLACED BACK IN SERVICE, appliances must be inspected to this checklist:

1. All valves (if so equipped) open and close smoothly and fully
2. The waterway is clear of obstructions
3. There is no damage to any thread or other type connection
4. The pressure setting of the relief valve, if any, is set correctly
5. All locks and hold-down devices work properly
6. Internal gaskets are in accordance with NFPA 1962
7. There is no damage to the appliance that could impair safe operation (e.g. dents, cracks, corrosion, or other defects)
8. All swiveling connections rotate freely
9. There are no missing parts or components
10. There are no missing, broken, or worn lugs on couplings

NFPA 1962: Standard for the care, use, inspection, service testing, and replacement of fire hose, couplings, nozzles and fire hose appliances. Quincy, MA: National Fire Protection Agency



Equipment failing any part of the checklist is unsafe for use and must have the problem corrected before use or being placed back into service. Operating equipment that has failed the checklist is a misuse of this equipment.